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How do you feel today



how many glasses you drank today



How many Ayah you read today











BEUTIFUL CITIES IN PALESTINE

Beautiful Cities of Palestine

Palestine is a land full of history, beauty, and culture. It is home to some of the oldest cities in the world. Let's explore a few of them!

ا لقدس (Al-Quds/Jerusalem):

Jerusalem is one of the holiest cities for Muslims, Christians, and Jews the first Qibla for ,(Al-Masjid Al-Aqsa) المسجد الأقصى It is known for .Muslims and one of the three sacred mosques

Walking through the streets of the Old City, you will see beautiful old .buildings and colorful markets

ا لخليل (Al-Khalil/Hebron):

.Al-Khalil is famous for its glass and pottery

where Prophet ,(Masjid Ibraheem) المسجد إبراهيم It is also home to Ibrahim (AS) is buried

The city is full of artisans who make hand-crafted glass, an art passed .down for generations

غزة (Gaza):

Gaza is a beautiful coastal city. The beach is full of life, with fishermen, families, and children playing

People in Gaza are known for their strong spirit and hospitality :(Nablus) بـلــن

a delicious ,(Knafeh) ا کنا فنة (Nablus is famous for its sweets, especially cheese dessert

The city has ancient soap factories, where olive oil is used to make soap



PALESTINIAN FOOD AND TRADITIONS

Palestinian Food and Traditions
Palestinian culture is full of delicious food, beautiful art, and warm traditions.

Palestinian Food:

- المقاوبة (Maqluba):
 - A traditional dish with rice, chicken or meat, and vegetables. It's cooked in one pot and flipped upside down when served!
 - Families usually eat Maqluba together,
 sharing stories and laughter.
- 2. المسخن (Musakhan):
 - A dish made of roasted chicken, onions, and sumac served on bread. It's very popular in the winter.
- 3. (Knafeh): الكنا فة
 - A sweet dessert made of cheese, shredded pastry, and sugar syrup. It is a must-try when visiting Nablus!



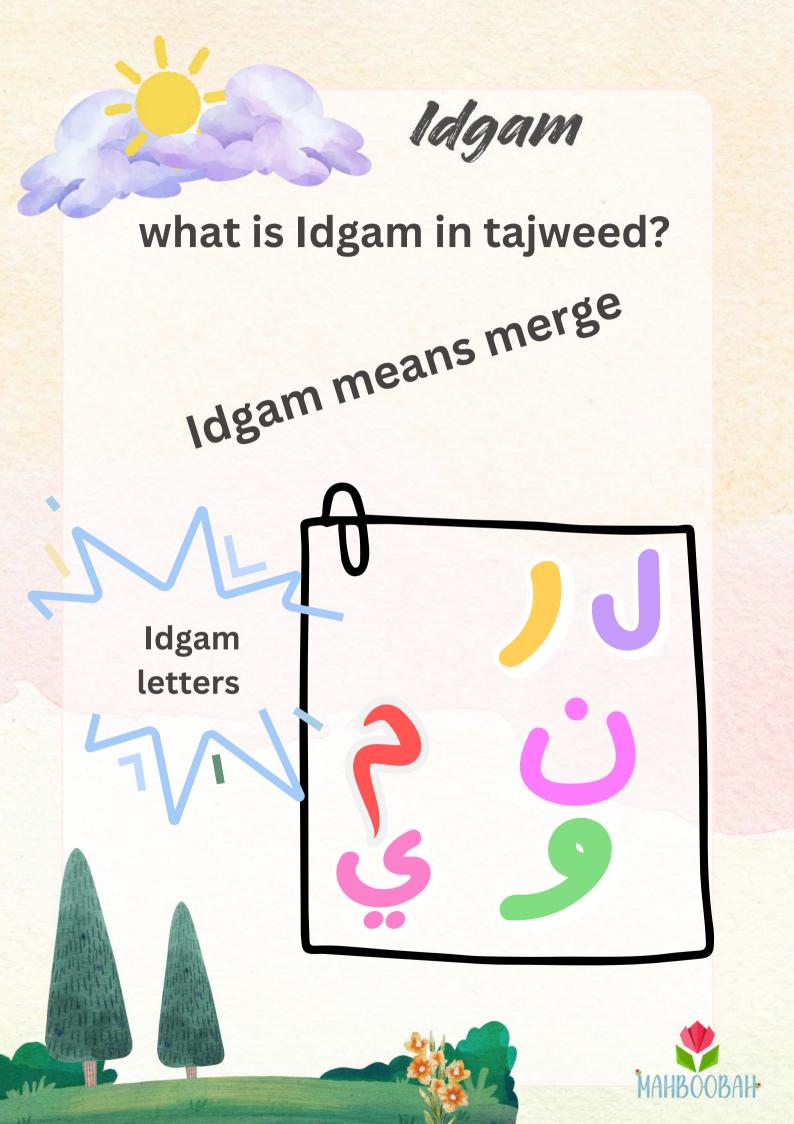
During times when displaying the Palestinian flag was restricted or banned in certain areas, Palestinians used the watermelon as a subtle and creative way to represent their identity and resistance. The fruit's natural resemblance to the flag allowed it to become a symbol of solidarity and cultural pride.

find the middle east in the map and locate Palestine land











idgam

Sami Learns About Idgham"
Sami sat eagerly in the classroom, his Qur'an open in front of him, waiting for Ustadhah Mahboobah to start the lesson.

"Today, we are learning about a very important rule in Tajweed called Idgham," Ustadhah Mahboobah announced with a warm smile.

Sami raised his hand. "Ustadhah, what does Idgham mean?"

Ustadhah Mahboobah explained, "Idgham means 'to merge' or 'to combine.' It happens when a noon saakinah (نُ) or tanween is followed by one of these letters:

* و - ن (Ya, Ra, Meem, Laam, Waw, Noon).

written, and Sami said them aloud, "Yarmaloon!"
"Excellent, Sami!" Ustadhah praised. "When you see
a noon saakinah or tanween before one of these
letters, you don't pronounce the 'n' clearly. Instead,
you combine it smoothly into the next letter. Let's
see an example!





Ustadhah wrote the word مَن يَعمَلُ (Man Ya'malu) on the board.

"Sami, try reading this word," she said. Sami focused carefully and said, "Man... Ya'malu." Ustadhah smiled. "Almost! Remember, because the noon saakinah (نُ) is followed by Ya (ي), we merge the two sounds together. It becomes:

'May-Ya'malu'."

Sami tried again, "May-Ya'malu!" "Perfect!" Ustadhah cheered.

Practice Time

Ustadhah gave Sami a few more examples to try:

- "Miw-Waqtin" → مِن وَقْتٍ
- "Aleemur-Raheem" → عَلِيمٌ رَحِيمٌ

After practicing, Sami smiled brightly. "Now I get it, Ustadhah! Idgham makes reading smoother and more beautiful."

"That's right, Sami!" Ustadhah Mahboobah nodded proudly. "The Qur'an teaches us not just to read but to read beautifully with Tajweed."







idgam

Can you find examples of Idgham in these sentences?

كِتَابٌ مَرْفُوعٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا مِن نُورٍ



1.

2.

3.







hadith of the week

عن عُثْمَانَ بْنِ عَفَّانَ رَضِي الله عنه قَالَ قَالَ رَسُولُ اللهِ صَلَّى اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ: "خَيْرُكُمْ مَنْ تَعَلَّمَ الْقُرْآنَ وَعَلَّمَهُ." (رواه البخاري) (Transliteration:

> Khayrukum man ta'allamal" ".Qur'ana wa 'allamahu

> > :Translation

On the authority of Uthman ibn Affan (may Allah be pleased with (ﷺ) him), the Messenger of Allah :said

The best among you are those"
".who learn the Qur'an and teach it
(Narrated by Al-Bukhari)





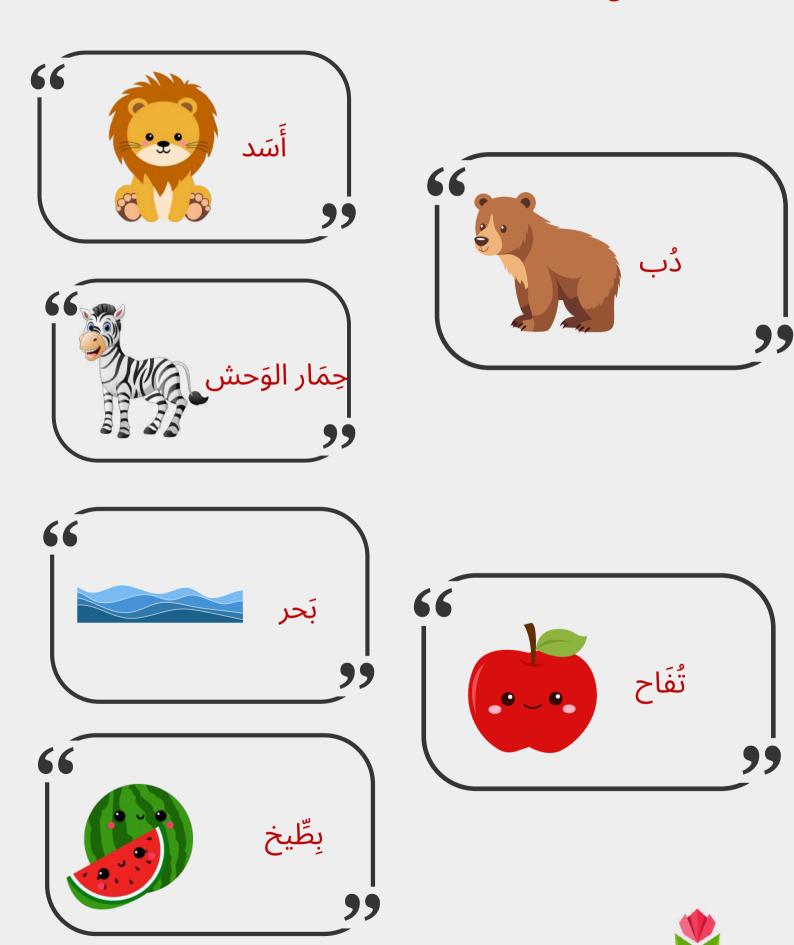


- 1. Memorize a New Surah: Choose a short surah to memorize this week.
- 2. Teach Someone: Share what you learned with a sibling, parent, or friend.
- 3. Draw a picture of yourself learning or teaching the Qur'an! Share your progress with us!





words you need to know to understand the story





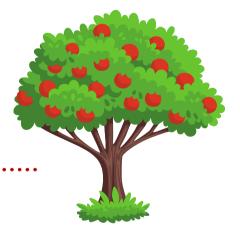




write the following in Arabic









Dua'a of the week

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسْأَلُكَ عِلْمًا نَافِعًا، وَرِزْقًا طَيِّبًا، وَعَمَلًا مُتَقَبَّلًا (رواه ابن ماجه)

Transliteration:

"Allahumma inni as'aluka 'ilman
nafi'an, wa rizqan tayyiban, wa 'amalan
mutaqabbalan."

Translation:

"O Allah, I ask You for beneficial knowledge, good provision, and accepted deeds." (Narrated by Ibn Majah)







This dua reminds us to ask Allah for three important things:

- 1. Beneficial knowledge Knowledge that helps us in this life and the Hereafter.
- 2. Good provision Pure and halal sustenance.
- Accepted deeds Good actions that Allah will accept and reward.





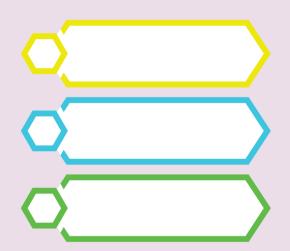


Act of Gratitude:

Draw or list 3 "good provisions"
 (blessings) Allah has given you, such as food, family, or a home.

Thank Allah by making this dua

regularly.





Teach a Friend:

 Share this dua with a friend or family member and explain its meaning.





see you 1st of the januwary don't forget to share your work!

